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## Andreotti Is Asked to Be Head of New Italian Government



Giulio Andreotti

By E.J. Dionne Jr.  
New York Times Service

ROME — President Francesco Cossiga asked Foreign Minister Giulio Andreotti, a Christian Democrat who has led five Italian governments, on Thursday to try to form a new cabinet.

But within less than an hour of the announcement, the Socialist Party of Prime Minister Bettino Craxi, head of the caretaker government, issued a statement that dismissed Mr. Andreotti's efforts before they started.

The Socialists expressed "deep worry" over the choice of "Andreotti" as a solution to the crisis even before he started.

Mr. Andreotti, 67, is one of Italy's wisest and most experienced politicians, but his allies said that even he would find it difficult to resolve the 13-day impasse that has split the Christian Democrats against the Socialists.

"The Socialists have already given him the kiss of death," said Senator Francesco D'Ottavio, a Christian Democrat leader. "Andreotti's chances are very limited."

Mr. Andreotti was the architect of Italy's policy of sympathy to the Palestinian cause, as part of a "Mediterranean" policy that holds that Italy's economic and political interests are tied to the Middle East.

Mr. Andreotti's stand on the Middle East and other issues has often brought him into conflict with the United States.

The current crisis has come down to a pure partisan struggle for power between the Socialists and the Christian Democrats and a personal struggle between Mr. Craxi and the Christian Democrat leader, Ciriaco De Mita.

The Christian Democrats said they could accept a new Craxi government, but they insist that Mr. Craxi either hand over the government at the end of this year, or keep it until the scheduled 1988 election.

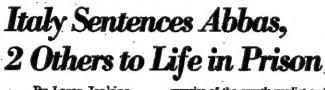
In having Mr. Andreotti try to form a government, one Christian Democrat said the party was effectively acknowledging how difficult the situation was. "We didn't want to put a young leader who might be ruined by failure," he said, adding that there was no chance of Mr. Andreotti's career being ruined.



Abu Abbas, top, hijacking organizer. Below are Magdi al-Mogdi, left, and Ibrahim Abdeh.



Magdi al-Mogdi, left, and Ibrahim Abdeh.



Ibrahim Abdeh.

By Loren Jenkins  
Washington Post Service

GENOA — An Italian court on Thursday convicted 11 men, including the leader of the Palestine Liberation Front, Mohammed Abu Abbas, for the hijacking of the Achille Lauro cruise liner last year.

Mr. Abbas, also known as Abu Abbas, and two of his top assistants were sentenced to life in prison. All three were tried in absentia.

As the apparent organizer and planner of the hijacking of the Achille Lauro, the 37-year-old Mr. Abbas and his two chief lieutenants, Zaid Omar, 39, and Zaid Omar, 39, were found by the court to be the most guilty, even if they are fugitives and thus able to escape punishment.

Three of the 11 Palestinian hijackers who were in court, including the confessed killer of a crippled American, Leon Klinghoffer, were given sentences ranging from 30 to 15 years.

The fourth hijacker to be tried in a juvenile court because he was only 17 at the time of the hijacking in October.

Four other defendants, also being tried in absentia, were found not guilty because of insufficient proof.

Mr. Abbas was released by the Italian after an Egyptian sailor taking him to the hijacking from Cairo to Tunisia was forced to land in Sicily by U.S. fighters. His release came on the anniversary of the hijacking, which had called for his arrest.

The sentences were read by the presiding judge, Lino Monteverde, after the court's second judge and eight jurors had deliberated for three days on the evidence that emerged during the two-week trial.

He had been named by one of his fellow hijackers as the killer of Mr. Klinghoffer.

The relatively lenient sentence Mr. Mogdi received was the only

## Mitterrand, in Moscow, Says Superpowers Want Summit

### U.S., Soviet To Discuss Verification

By Michael R. Gordon  
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The United States and the Soviet Union have agreed in principle to discuss problems of verifying the underground testing of nuclear weapons, according to administration officials.

Officials said Wednesday that the two sides agreed to discuss the issue at a summit, although no time or place has been set.

These discussions would be the first on verification under the Reagan administration and might lead to progress on the issue of modernizing nuclear weapons, according to administration officials.

The two sides have been deadlocked on the testing issue. The United States wants to see verification procedures under two existing treaties that limit the size of underground explosions. The United States has said that it will not ratify the treaties, which were signed in the 1970s, until additional measures are agreed to.

The Soviet Union wants to discuss ways to verify a total ban on nuclear testing. The Soviet Union has said that it would not consider the request for verification until the United States agrees to discuss the issue.

Officials said the suggestion for broad talks on verification had been made by President Ronald Reagan to Anatoly F. Dobrynin, the Soviet ambassador in Washington, last week.

Officials said the Soviet leader, Mikhail S. Gorbachev, had expressed willingness to discuss the issue with the United States.

The two sides have been working on verification procedures since the Reagan administration took office.



President Francois Mitterrand describing his visit Thursday.

it underground explosions to a field of 150 kilotons, equivalent to 150,000 tons of TNT. One treaty, signed in 1974 and known as the Threshold Test Ban Treaty, covers nuclear weapons tests; the other, signed in 1976, covers nuclear explosions and other peaceful uses.

The Reagan administration has said that it would not seek the necessary Senate ratification of the treaties until the Soviet Union agreed to discuss the issue.

Officials said that there were differences within the administration over what sort of additional verification measures would be required. Defense Department officials are seeking on-site measurements of such large tests. Other officials said that on-site measurements might be required.

In the meantime, a private American organization, the National Resources Defense Council, is seeking tighter verification procedures.

## Says SDI Is Main Obstacle To Arms Pact

By Gary Lee  
Washington Post Service

MOSCOW — President Francois Mitterrand, ending a three-day state visit to Moscow, said Thursday that a U.S.-Soviet summit meeting was "clearly something that both sides want" and that he believed it would take place.

At a news conference, Mr. Mitterrand said that he believed it would take place. He said that he believed it would take place.

"Clearly the summit is something that both sides want," Mr. Mitterrand said. "That is the psychological and political reality."

But there are qualifications on the summit, he said, "and particularly now from Gorbachev's point of view."

Mitterrand, who met with Mr. Gorbachev in three marathon sessions, said the Soviet leader had said "yes to a summit, but one with broad and substantive content."

"I am not in a position to say today when or whether it will take place," the French president said. "Diplomacy has a lot to do."

Based on his talks in Moscow and in New York last week with Mr. Reagan, Mr. Mitterrand said that the Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI) remained one of the key deterrents to a nuclear arms accord between the United States and the Soviet Union. The U.S. research effort is aimed at developing a space-based defense against nuclear missiles.

"There are a certain number of obstacles to an armistice accord," Mr. Mitterrand said. "The major obstacle which has not been overcome."

Pointing to the possibility of a compromise between Washington and Moscow, Mr. Mitterrand said that he believed it would take place.

## Red Lovers Key Interest Rate to 6%

By E.J. Dionne Jr.  
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Federal Reserve Board, apparently aiming to end its long-standing policy of keeping the discount rate at 6 percent, on Thursday lowered the rate to 5 percent.

The move, which becomes effective with the start of business Friday, was timed to follow the close of the stock market trading in New York, which ended at a record high.

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TOMORROW

Porky and Beau at Glyndon, Penn. David Stevens reports. In Weekend.

## Rich Grants Run Out, U.S. Fellows Face Reality

By Kathleen Teltsch  
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The MacArthur Foundation, which has been awarding grants to young people for the past 20 years, on Thursday announced that it had run out of money.

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## Thatcher Hardens Case Against Sanctions

By Joseph Lelyveld  
New York Times Service

LONDON — Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has given a more detailed account of her case against South Africa, saying that she would not lift the sanctions against the country.

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## How to See Both Twice This Month

By Joseph Lelyveld  
New York Times Service

HARARE, Zimbabwe — Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British foreign secretary, on Thursday said that he would visit South Africa twice this month in his effort to bring an end to apartheid without further bloodshed.

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## After the Big Party Is Over, Polish Ship Stagers to N.Y.

By Samuel G. Freedman  
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The Liberty ship, the St. Louis, on Thursday left New York for Poland, carrying 1,000 Polish refugees.

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## Le Duan, 78, Dies; Leader Of Vietnam

By Charles Mohr  
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Le Duan, 78, the head of the Vietnamese Communist Party and one of the architects of the Vietnam War, died Thursday in Hanoi.

He had served as a faithful ally of the Soviet Union, and he had been instrumental in the Vietnam War. He had served as a faithful ally of the Soviet Union, and he had been instrumental in the Vietnam War.

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## U.S. Pornography Panel Urges Citizen Pressure To Combat Distribution

By Robert Pear

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — A federal commission has delivered a report calling for a national assault on the pornography industry through a combination of more vigorous law enforcement and increased vigilance by citizens groups.

The report, Wednesday by the Attorney General's Commission on Pornography, said citizens should band together to file complaints, put pressure on prosecutors, monitor judges and, if necessary, boycott merchants selling pornographic material.

Reaction to the report ranged from condemnation to commendation, with some saying its recommendations would protect society and others contending they would curtail freedom of speech.

As previously reported, the panel concluded that there was a "causal relationship" between certain acts of pornography and acts of violence.

Disputes among the 11 members of the commission on the link between such materials and criminal acts led to months of turmoil. Attorney General Edwin Meese, in accepting the panel's final report Wednesday from its chairman, Henry J. Hudson, the U.S. attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, said the report would not be used as a basis for censorship.

Mr. Meese said he had not read the 1,900-page report and could comment on its recommendations. But he added: "I am not concerned about any censorship being fostered by this document. This document, as far as I am an attorney general, is not going to engage in any censorship that violates the First Amendment."

The commission rejected proposals to broaden the legal definition of obscenity, which embraces sex but not all pornographic material, and said current laws were already adequate. It recommended, however, that federal, state and local prosecutors

that the "knowing possession of child pornography" should be made a felony under state law. It said a second or subsequent violation of obscenity laws should be a felony punishable by at least one year in prison.

The commission said information on child pornography should be compiled in a "national data base." In addition, it said federal, state and local prosecutors and the Federal Communications Commission should crack down on obscene cable and satellite television programs.

The panel said "extraordinary caution" must be exercised in prosecuting purveyors of materials comprising a variety of printed words, with no photographs, pictures or drawings.

The "written word," it said, "has had and continues to have a special place in this and any other civilization."

The panel acknowledged that its conclusions were diametrically opposed to those of a presidential commission in 1970 that said erotic material was not a significant cause of crime, delinquency, sexual deviancy or emotional disturbances.

Times have changed, the panel said. The problem of pornography has grown much worse and the conclusions of the earlier report are "seriously obsolete," the new panel said.

The findings of the Reagan administration panel were based on public hearings in six cities, a review of published articles relating to pornography, the work of staff investigators and the views expressed in more than 3,000 letters from the public.

The panel was established in February 1983 by William French Smith, who was then attorney general, and it had a budget of \$500,000.

After extensive study, the commission concluded that "there is a connection between the pornography industry and organized crime."



### A Senatorial Undercover Job

Senator Alfonse D'Amato, reaching from a car, above, to purchase cocaine from an unidentified man in Manhattan. Later, Mr. D'Amato, far right, a New York Republican, and U.S. Attorney Rudolph Giuliani were their undercover outfits as they announced that neither of them had any trouble buying two vials of "crack," a cheap, concentrated form of cocaine. The officials organized the undercover operation, which was recorded by drug agents and news organizations, to highlight what they called an epidemic of crack dealing in neighborhood streets.



Richard Dwyer/The Associated Press

## Chilean Police Disperse Mourners for Slain Youth

The Associated Press

SANTIAGO — Riot policemen used tear gas and batons to disperse about 2,000 mourners marching behind the casket of a 16-year-old fatally burned during an anti-government demonstration last week.

Witnesses said the victim, a Chilean student, was shot in the back by a police officer while he was being escorted by a woman companion who had been shot in the arm after being hit by a police officer.

The mourners, after being scattered during the funeral procession Wednesday, regrouped in the General Cemetery to bury Rodrigo Rojas de Negri, 19. They shouted slogans against the government of General Pinochet.

The dispersal of the mourners was witnessed by the U.S. ambassador, Henry G. Ramos Jr., and four European diplomats, who were watching from a building nearby as the mourners gathered for a mass funeral.

They saw the police use water cannon and tear gas to keep the crowd from marching to the cemetery, 40 blocks away. After being charged by police over a distance of eight blocks, the cortege consisted of only a few vehicles.

Several hundred young people were seen at the funeral, some wearing black armbands and some carrying flags. Some demonstrators threw rocks and a Phoebe family maul, breaking a glass vase.

Police clashed with mourners again as they left the cemetery. Some demonstrators threw rocks and a Phoebe family maul, breaking a glass vase.

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being imposed on us. If this crime is covered up or denied, it will lead to a spiral of violence and more deaths.

Mr. Rojas returned to Chile last month, a decade after he moved to exile in Washington, D.C., area with his mother, Veronica de Negri, a supporter of the leftist government of President Salvador Allende that was overthrown in 1973.

Witnesses said soldiers seized Mr. Rojas and an 18-year-old woman, July 2, during a general strike and beat them after Mr. Rojas died Sunday of burns over two-thirds of his body. The woman is in grave condition.

The government human rights panel said it would cooperate in an inquiry by a special prosecutor, Judge Alberto Escobar, appointed at the request of the Interior Ministry.

Mr. Rojas' mother, who with U.S. help was granted special permission to return for the funeral, stressed Wednesday that soldiers had killed her son.

"I want it made clear they were soldiers," she said. "They were soldiers," she said. "They were soldiers."

U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig said Thursday that an inquiry into the death of Mr. Rojas would be regarded as, at best, the Chilean government's intention to improve its human rights record, Reuters reported from Washington.

Antidotes, what would be detected by the exams.

As a result, contaminated blood from about 10 to 120 donors of about eight million donors in the blood supply, said Dr. Lincoln Moore, a Stanford University statistician and transfusion expert.

Pints (about half a liter) of blood are divided between two or three recipients, meaning that about 160 to 360 people receive the contaminated blood in a year.

But the risk of developing AIDS from a blood transfusion is about "one in 10,000," far less than the "risk of dying from complications of anesthesia," said Dr. Richard Aster, president of the Blood Center of Southwestern Wisconsin and a panel member.

The fact that a person has been exposed to the virus "is not synonymous with having AIDS," the panel said.

But "by current estimate as many as 35 percent of people with AIDS will not go on to develop AIDS within six to eight years," the panel said.

All people with positive tests for antibodies "should seek information and advice on how to protect their sexual contacts and future children from infection," the panel said.

These people are unaware that their names appear on special lists.

As the panel noted, it is "common practice to allow such individuals to donate blood, but to discard their blood without their knowledge. This practice should not continue. These donors have a right to be advised of their status."

## U.S., Citing Criticism of Policy, Suspends Aid to Zimbabwe

By Bernard Gwertzman

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration has suspended disbursement of economic aid to Zimbabwe in response to sharp criticism leveled by a top Zimbabwean official during the Fourth of July reception at the U.S. Embassy, State Department officials said.

The criticism of the United States by David Karimura, the Zimbabwean minister of sport and culture, prompted former President Jimmy Carter and the senior American diplomat to walk out of their own embassy.

As a result of what the department described Wednesday as the "unacceptable behavior" of Mr. Karimura, the administration decided not to turn over the remaining \$15.5 million in economic aid for this fiscal year, pending an overall review of relations, officials said.

Agreements on two aid projects were to be signed Wednesday in Harare, the Zimbabwean capital, were postponed, officials said.

The administration had asked Congress for about \$21 million for Zimbabwe in the 1987 fiscal year, and that may be sharply cut back, officials said.

This marks the latest in a series of incidents that have severely strained relations between the United States and Zimbabwe.

In 1983, the United States, angered over Zimbabwe's refusal to vote in the United Nations Security Council to condemn the Soviet Union for shooting down a South Korean airliner and its condemnation of the U.S. invasion of Grenada, cut aid to Zimbabwe from \$75 million to \$40 million.

The United States ambassador to Zimbabwe, David C. Miller Jr., resigned in April in response to the deterioration in relations, and no replacement has yet been named.

The latest problem arose on Independence Day, when Mr. Carter was an honored guest at the embassy reception. Mr. Carter, whose administration played an active role in producing the formula that led to the transition to majority rule in Zimbabwe in 1980, has long been sympathetic to that nation.

Just during the reception, Mr. Karimura delivered a bitter 25-minute speech on behalf of Foreign Minister Witness Mangwende, attacking Washington for rejecting severe economic sanctions against South Africa while imposing them on Nicaragua, Poland and Libya.

Mr. Karimura also accused the United States of bombing civilian targets in Libya in the name of fighting state terrorism, but not doing anything about the same type of terrorism practiced in South Africa.

Bernard Kalb, the U.S. State Department spokesman, charged Mr. Karimura on Wednesday with "uncalled-for behavior."

"This is seen by the United States as an insult both to the United States and to former President Jimmy Carter," Mr. Kalb said. "The United States has asked for an explanation, has asked for an apology. This type of behavior by Zimbabwean leaders has led to a further review of U.S. aid efforts and overall cooperation in that country."

Since Zimbabwe's independence, the United States has been the largest donor of aid to Zimbabwe, giving about \$70 million.

Panel Cites AIDS Risk in Transfusions

By Sally Squires

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — People facing surgery should discuss blood transfusion with their doctors to cut their risk of developing AIDS, a committee of the National Institutes of Health has advised.

In addition, the panel called Wednesday for blood donors for all blood donors and continued research to develop improved blood-screening tests. It said a tiny but significant number of contaminated blood samples are going undetected in the nation's supply.

Because many people from the high-risk groups for infection with acquired immune deficiency syndrome continue to give blood, the panel also proposed a confidential "check-off" form that would allow them to give blood, but also to indicate discreetly that it should be discarded because it might be contaminated.

These and other recommendations to improve the safety of the U.S. blood supply emerged from a three-day conference held at the National Institutes of Health, a U.S. government body, to assess the public health impact of screening blood for a virus that causes AIDS.

The precise number of contaminated samples in the blood supply is not known, but estimates presented at the conference show that tests fail to detect one in 100,000 contaminated samples in the earliest months of infection. The test fails because these people have not yet developed blood proteins called antibodies, what would be detected by the exams.

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**Breakaway**  
On the Road with the Tour de France  
Samuel Abt

An illustrated look at the world's most famous bicycle race.

Samuel Abt, an editor of the International Herald Tribune, has been covering the Tour de France for nine years.

Here's his fresh, passionate account of the extraordinary 1984 race — complete with in-depth profiles of the three top finishers and vignettes of scores of other riders, coaches and spectators.

"...a sure winner... as the Tour de France is more than a bicycle race, Abt's 'Breakaway' is more than just another book on cycling." Dan Gieson (San Francisco Chronicle)

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## Managua Getting New Soviet Copters, Diplomats Say

By Stephen Kinzer

New York Times Service

MANAGUA — The Nicaraguan Air Force has tripled its stock of Soviet-made transport helicopters over the last two months, according to diplomats and military officials here.

Diplomats said this week that the Sandinista government is buying as many as 15 new Mi-17 helicopters from the Soviet Union.

The flow of helicopters into Nicaragua was said to reflect the government's belief that its war against the U.S.-backed rebels will intensify.

House of Representatives voted last month to approve \$100 million in aid to rebel groups.

Rebel leaders have described helicopters as the most potent weapon of the Sandinistas here. To defend themselves, the rebels are pressing the United States to supply them with portable anti-aircraft weapons.

Officials in Washington agree that such arms are essential to "winning" the war, but U.S. air war, diplomats said. Discussions are under way, they said, to determine which type of anti-aircraft weapons to send to the rebels, who are known as "contras."

A Nicaraguan government spokesman, Manuel Espinoza, said Wednesday that he had no information on reports of the arrival of new helicopters. "We have a right to defend ourselves in the manner we see fit," Mr. Espinoza said.

### 'Contra' Indians Reportedly Raiding Honduran Refugee Zone for Recruits

New York Times Service

MOORON, Honduras — Nicaraguan Indian guerrillas who oppose the Sandinista government with U.S. financial support are kidnapping at least 27 persons in refugee camps near Mooron in the Honduran border, according to witnesses who have lost relatives and friends.

The abductions appear to have been carried out to punish critics of the guerrillas and also to forcibly recruit new recruits. The seizures, announced by the Honduran government, have spread fear and uncertainty among the 17,500 Indian refugees from Nicaragua living around Mooron.

There are signs that with \$100 million in aid approved last month by the U.S. Congress, guerrilla movements will be doubly in the coastal region of northeastern Honduras.

The forced detentions appear to violate not only the status of the Indians as refugees under the protection of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, but also assurances by President Ronald Reagan to Congress that such abuses by guerrillas backed by Washington would stop.

Frank Arana, a spokesman of the main "contra" group, the Nicaraguan Democratic Force, said he was aware of the reports of kidnappings, but he denied that they were approved by rebel officials.

They were under way, they said, to determine which type of anti-aircraft weapons to send to the rebels, who are known as "contras."

A Nicaraguan government spokesman, Manuel Espinoza, said Wednesday that he had no information on reports of the arrival of new helicopters. "We have a right to defend ourselves in the manner we see fit," Mr. Espinoza said.

### Managua's principal port. He said it contained military supplies, although he gave no details.

According to recent Western intelligence reports, the cargo on that ship included two or three Mi-17 helicopters.

"The Mi-17 is like a flying truck, as opposed to the Mi-24, which is more sophisticated," an ambassador said. "It gives them mobility and the ability to move men and supplies quickly when they have to. Obviously, they have found that the Mi-17 is going to be the workhorse of this war."

The current shipments represent the second concentration of helicopters the Russians have sent to Nicaragua. The first arrived in late 1984 and early 1985.

Over the last year, both sides in the conflict have acknowledged that helicopters have been a key to Sandinista military successes.

The Mi-24 assault helicopters, of which the six to 12, have inflicted heavy casualties on rebel units moving in open terrain. The Mi-17 transport helicopters have enabled the army to evacuate wounded soldiers, carry ammunition and other supplies to remote outposts and move combat units quickly to confront insurgents whenever they are sighted.

A diplomat who closely watches the Sandinista military said the shipments appeared to be continuing. He estimated that as many as 10 more helicopters might arrive in Nicaragua shortly.

Last month, President Ronald Reagan drew attention to the arrival of a Soviet freighter at Corinto, Managua's principal port. He said it contained military supplies, although he gave no details.

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### Parliament Approves '86 EC Budget

The Associated Press

STRASBOURG, France — The European Parliament approved Thursday a 1986 European Community budget, ending uncertainty over meeting the EC's spending needs for the rest of the year.

The assembly, in one of its final acts before beginning its summer recess, voted, 355-27, with 21 abstentions to adopt a budget of 36.5 billion European Currency Units (ECUs) for 1986.

The 518-member parliament has little power except budgetary matters.

The budget that the EC had been meeting on since the start of the year was declared invalid July 3 by a European Court of Justice, ending a series of emergency negotiations on a new spending plan.

The court had ruled that Parliament exceeded its powers by adopting the original budget in December without the agreement of the EC's Council of Ministers.

In negotiations following the court ruling, both sides moved with unusual speed to avert a potentially crippling budget crisis. In the plan, the parliament on Thursday, the only opposition to the final budget came from British Labour deputies, but their motion to reject the spending plan was defeated by an 11-1 margin.

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# Austria Looks to Bury Controversy Over Waldheim

By James M. Mackham

New York Times Service

VIENNA — Acknowledging that the damage has been done to the country's image abroad, the main political actors of Austria have agreed to a willingness to bury the controversy over President Kurt Waldheim's war record and moral character.

At his inauguration Tuesday, Mr. Waldheim concluded an address to Parliament with an appeal for "reconciliation and renewed cooperation," a message intended to go beyond his supporters in the opposition People's Party to the benches of the governing Socialists.

And, although a scattering of Socialist legislators showed their displeasure by wearing black neckties and not applauding the new head of state, Sepp Wille, the party's whip, said the former United Nations secretary-general was now "president of all Austrians."

The first step toward defusing the most embittering confrontation

in Austria's postwar history was taken by Mr. Waldheim when he was elected June 8, when he posed the questions facing this country.

Mr. Waldheim's inauguration ceremony was largely overshadowed by the political debate over the Socialist in the presidential contest.

## NEWS ANALYSIS

test, but as chancellor he had been closely identified with the attacks on Mr. Waldheim.

The "Snowsaw" wing is also strongly opposed to entering a grand coalition with the conservative People's Party should the Socialists be unable to reassemble their coalition with the small Freedom Party after elections expected next spring. In naming Franz Vranitzky as chancellor, the Socialists picked a technocrat who could be the junior partner in a grand coalition should the People's Party emerge as the biggest winners next year.

Presenting his government's pro-

gram, Mr. Vranitzky, 43, a former banker, called for "a common way" to solve the questions facing this country.

Mr. Vranitzky indicated Wednesday his distaste for the political tone of the Waldheim debate, saying that "the rhetoric of elections is one that does not use in normal times."

The chancellor said the Waldheim controversy had harmed Austria by giving the outside world what he said was the false impression that it was a good thing that there were themes that were finally discussed. "I am not of this view."

Mr. Vranitzky's first protocol dealings with the new president suggest that their relationship will be marked by correctness, not warmth. The Socialist's new for-

mer minister, Peter Jankowitsch, is a professional diplomat with extensive experience in dealing with Mr. Waldheim. The minister is said to have urged his ambassadors to start selling Austria, but not Mr. Waldheim.

"There can be no selling of Waldheim," said a senior government official, who said that ordinary Austrians were only beginning to grasp the depth of sentiment against the new president in the United States and Western Europe.

Austrians have been comforted by President Ronald Reagan's recent assertion that the evidence pointing to Mr. Waldheim's implication in Nazi war crimes was "inconclusive." Last week, Mr. Reagan told the newspaper USA Today that "we should hold our fire" against the new Austrian head of state, a posture that Austrians hope will be adopted in Western Europe, too.

Yet privately top Austrian officials concede that it will be a long

time before any West European government extends an invitation to Mr. Waldheim to visit, a suggestion that would presumably be painful for a man who is known to have savored the protocol attention lavished on him in his UN post.

Aside from Austria's tiny Jewish population, one group that seems determined to resist the political move toward national reconciliation is a coalition of writers, artists and actors who have banded together under the name New Austria.

"They have decided to become the conscience of the nation," said Hans Rauscher, an editor at the Vienna newspaper Kurier. "They are fairly determined to let the literary and artistic will not be against Waldheim as such, but against what he embodies."

The New Austria intellectuals managed to stage their most resonant and witty demonstrations just as Mr. Waldheim was being sworn in to his newly controversial post. Many have been going through a slow-motion process of disengaging themselves from the Socialist Party.

"We are going to say, Waldheim is Austria's president, but he is not our president," said Franz Meisner-Bian, the standard-bearer of the emergent environmental movement. "We are an impressive 5.5 percent of the population in the first round of the presidential election May 4."

The Austrian intellectuals are operating in a difficult political pressure — with the big political parties reaching a truce on the Waldheim case and with a conservative press that is prone to ignore Waldheim's sentiments anywhere.

"We are dependent on what is happening abroad," he said, "and especially what is happening in the United States."

## Nuclear Plant Tries To Clean Up Its Act

Sellafield, England

— In an attempt to decontaminate its public image, the Sellafield nuclear power station mailed eight million cards last week, each containing a £2-million (£3-million) advertising campaign showing the picturesque lakes and villages nearby.

Sellafield, the world's largest nuclear reprocessing plant, was described in February by a House of Commons committee as "a byword for the dirty end" of the nuclear industry, and as having the world's largest recorded source of radioactive discharges.

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## Days Are Numbered For 'Costa del Crime'

Madrid

— Until an extradition treaty between Britain and Spain took effect last week, British fugitives had been living openly in Spain for years. Now Spain plans a major crackdown on the country's underworld, although the treaty is not retroactive, some cities already have fled.

The British fugitives, many of whom live in luxury on the Costa del Sol, called the "Costa del Crime" in the British press, usually make day trips to Portugal or Morocco every three months to avoid their passports stamped. Under a Spanish alien law, the fugitives now face the choice of either applying for residence and being expelled as undesirable or risking arrest and extradition when they try to re-enter Spain.

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## France Jails Arab On Arms Charges

Lyon, France

— A French court on Thursday sentenced a suspected Arab gunman to four years in prison on weapons charges. Georges Ibrahim Abdallah, 40, was arrested in 1981 after a four-year hunt for a man charged with the assassination of a French politician.

Mr. Abdallah, 35, also known as Abdel-Kader Seddi, was charged with heavy security on crimes of illegal possession of arms, explosives and false identity papers.

He was arrested in October 1984 and faces separate charges of involvement in the 1982 murders of two diplomats — an American and an Israeli — and other guerrilla actions. The actions were claimed by a group of Marxist-Christian Muslims known as the Lebanese Armed Revolutionary Faction.

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## Around Europe

ROME

— Muscovites will soon be able to eat Italian fast-food meals such as pizza and hot dogs. The Italian press reports that New Food Trading Co. of Rome recently concluded a 10-month contract with an estimated 12 billion lire (\$8 million) with the municipality of Moscow to design and equip 36 restaurants, each with a seating capacity of 250 people and providing 5,000 meals a day. The company also will train Russian restaurant personnel. The first restaurant, a few steps away from the Kremlin, is scheduled to open in October.

STUTTGART, West Germany

— Gerhard Mayer-Vorfelder, the Christian Democratic education minister of Baden-Württemberg state, ordered an uproar last week by declaring that all schoolchildren be taught all three strands of the national anthem, "Deutschland über Alles," even though the first two have fallen into disrepute since World War II. Members of the minority Social Democratic and Green parties objected about requiring children to memorize the first stanza glorifying a Germany

CARRARA, Italy

— Fifteen city councilors have been sued by the neo-fascist Italian Social Movement and the Moschettieri because they have approved construction of a monument to an anarchist, Gaetano Bresci, who assassinated King Umberto I in 1900. The councilors, who range from Communist to Christian Democrat, were accused of "public indignation to a crime against a head of state." Proponents of the monument note that the anarchist movement has deep roots in Carrara. They say that the monument would symbolize revolt against tyranny, rather than homage to violence.

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# Will Spell Disin UN Buffer Zone, a Cypriot Village Evokes Old Ethnic Harmony

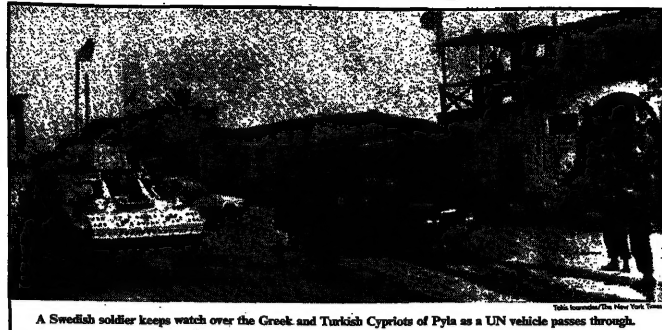
By Henry Kamm

**PYLA, Cyprus** — On Cyprus, Pyla is a reminder of how things used to be. An Orthodox church and a mosque are still on the village's central square. Greek and Turkish coffeehouses still cater to their regular, mixed clientele.

What is more, Turkish and Greek Cypriots do not alien to each other's culture. Not all the playing cards or backgammon on the tables on a recent morning were Greek. Turkish harmony does not come naturally in a village which has been divided since the Turkish invasion of 1974 into two parts: the southern half, where Greek Cypriots live, and the northern third, populated by Turkish Cypriots and settlers from Turkey. Pyla is between the two, in the demilitarized buffer zone policed by United Nations troops.

On a wooden platform atop a house in the center of one side of the main square, an inactivity in the eastern Mediterranean scene can be observed 24 hours a day. It is one of the village's main attractions, for the 1,048 people of Pyla, a village of the Turkish Cypriot majority, replaces the authority of either central government or the Turkish Cypriot nationalist regime that is recognized only by Turkey.

Although the Ottoman title is retained, the village who governs the 713 Greeks in Pyla is



A Swedish soldier keeps watch over the Greek and Turkish Cypriots of Pyla as a UN vehicle passes through.



sides and their products are not hermetically sealed from each other. Tourists flock to profit from the cheap, not quite legal exports from Turkey and Turkish Cyprus, although few realize why there are so many taverns serving cheap, fresh fish or why the village seems to be so dominated by shops bearing the insignia of a famous West German maker of sportswear.

The fish comes from Turkey, and the clothes, with their fake labels, are made in the Turkish sector of Nicosia. The central authorities do not question the origin of the fish, which draw weekend crowds of Greek Cypriots. They penalize Greek Cypriots when they catch them buying the sportswear, but they close an eye to the tourists.

Yet the harmony of Pyla still bears the shadows that darkened coexistence before the invasion separated Greeks from Turks. Greek Cypriots complain that their generally less prosperous Turkish neighbors receive more than they contribute, and they resent the Turks' refusal to pay for government services.

Turkish residents still have the fears of a minority, fears that have vanished in the zone occupied by the Turkish Army.

Neyir Rifat sat in her small grocery store under a photograph of Bailei Ezevi, the former Turkish prime minister who ordered the invasion, and a map of Turkey that shows northern Cyprus as an independent nation. She angrily recalled what most Turkish Cypriots considered discrimination and neglect by the central government, which has been uniformly Greek Cypriot since 1963.

"We say, 'How are you?' but it is not real friendship," Mrs. Rifat said. "They don't want us here, but we were born here."

named by the government in Nicosia while his colleagues are elected by the 335 Turkish Greeks and Turks have their own schools, but a Greek kindergarten accepts Turkish pupils. The Turkish children of Pyla are perhaps the last of their nationality who still speak Greek, the majority language that once was spoken by most of the island's people.

The Turkish Army stopped just short of Pyla in its invasion, perhaps because the village lies at the edge of one of two large military bases over which Britain retains sovereignty. In the hectic days of 1974, Greek Cypriots rounded up the Turkish population during a coup. Then, when Turkish troops landed, the Greek population fled to the safety of the base while the

Turkish Cypriot population persuaded the invaders to spare their village.

Six months later, the Greek refugees drifted back and found their homes and property untouched.

The central government, eager to demonstrate that the two nationalities can coexist, supplies such services as water, electricity and

garbage pickup. In return, it requires Greek residents to pay Cyprus taxes. The Turkish inhabitants, to the resentment of their fellow citizens but with the central government's tolerance, obey the order of the secessionist authorities to ignore the central government.

The people of Pyla benefit materially from living in the only spot in Cyprus where the two

## Israeli Colonel Who Piloted Lead Plane in Entebbe Raid Credits 'Luck and Chutzpah'

By Phil McCombs

Washington Post Service

**WASHINGTON** — Ten years ago, Lieutenant Colonel Jonathan Shani peered into the overcast African night the cockpit of his C-130 Hercules and saw, up before him, the runway lights of Entebbe International Airport.

"It was quite an easy landing," said Colonel Shani, now a full colonel and the air attaché at Israel's Embassy here. "I didn't use any lights; it was a dark landing, which isn't ideal. We didn't want anyone to see us."

His plane landed unopposed, and what followed became legend. Israel, acting boldly alone on July 3 and 4, 1976, sent an elite force of special commandos 2,300 (5,700 kilometers) across often-hostile territory to rescue 105 hostages held by pro-Arab extremists.

A strike was quickly conceived and executed "surprise," and it worked.

Within the first plane touched down, 10 of the extremists were dead along with 20 Ugandan troops. The hostages, who had hijacked about an Air France flight to were freed. Three hostages were killed. Colonel Shani was a 30-year-old squadron



The New York Times

commander when he piloted the lead plane into Entebbe. Aboard was General Dan Shorron, commander of the raid, and Lieutenant Colonel Jonathan Netanyahu, head of the assault party that freed the hostages. Colonel Netanyahu was the only Israeli military man to be killed.

What follows is Colonel Shani's version of events, which differs in some respects from other versions. The colonel, speaking clear but strongly accented English, told the story in his embassy office.

The hostages were being held in an old terminal building at Entebbe, south of Kampala, the Ugandan capital. They had been hijacked June 27 aboard a flight from Tel Aviv to Paris via Athens. There were 246 passengers plus crew members to begin by July 4, the day of the raid, only 105 hostages remained after most of the non-Jews were released.

The extremists, perhaps 10 in all, stood guard over the hostages inside the building, which was guarded outside by Ugandan troops. President Idi Amin was all but openly cooperating with the hijackers, although when he visited the hostages and spoke to them he pretended to be neutral.

Israeli intelligence learned that on these nights, Mr. Amin arrived in a black Mercedes flanked by two Land Rovers. Israel was making diplomatic efforts to solve the crisis. At the same time, preparations were going forward for a possible military rescue operation.

Suddenly, the time pressure was intense. The hijackers were demanding the release of others imprisoned by Israel and West European nations, and it appeared they might soon begin killing the hostages at Entebbe.

"We had 24 hours to plan, rehearse and execute" an operation, said Colonel Shani. Somebody suggested that if the Israelis drove up to the terminal in a black Mercedes flanked by Land Rovers, the Ugandan troops outside the terminal would think it was Mr. Amin and hold their fire.

"And we needed just a few seconds of hesitation to let our people penetrate the terminal," he said.

The Israeli planes began hunting for a black Mercedes.

"We tried Herz and Avia," Colonel Shani said. "They didn't have one in Tel Aviv."

Finally a car was found at a small Mercedes dealership, but it was white. Israeli troops quickly got a case of black paint and painted it "a very lousy job." But, when the moment came, it fooled the Ugandans as planned.

Colonel Shani led the flight of four C-130s. They left Sharm el-Sheikh on the southern tip of the Sinai Peninsula at about 4:30 P.M. on July 3. They went down the Red Sea between Saudi Arabia and Egypt, flying low to dodge radar in these countries and avoid Soviet ships.

Flying low is tricky and uses a lot of fuel, so when they turned right over Ethiopia they in-

creased altitude. Over Lake Victoria they went through a "huge thunderstorm and that was hell inside."

Their maintained radio silence. Israel did not alert other nations. Surprise was everything. The flight took more than seven hours. Colonel Shani landed at 1 A.M. "in a light rain with no moon and no stars." The other planes stayed aloft in a holding pattern while Colonel Shani brought the big military transport down in a quiet "combat landing," using 600 feet (about 180 meters) of runway.

He stopped, and the commandos jumped out to distribute strings of battery-powered auxiliary landing lights along the runway in case Ugandan airport officials switched off the main lights.

"The tower didn't know we landed," said Colonel Shani. "The C-130 is a quiet plane, and they didn't expect anything."

He exited to within 1,000 yards of the old terminal building. The Mercedes, carrying nine commandos including Colonel Netanyahu and the Land Rovers, rolled out the back ramp and moved toward the terminal.

The commandos "approached the terminal and stormed the building," the colonel said,

"and then they shouted inside in Hebrew and English, 'Everyone lie on the floor!' Everyone did so except the terrorists, of course, and in a very short cross fire the terrorists were dead."

The other planes had landed, disgorging troops who secured the area, began administering medical care to the wounded and got the hostages aboard a plane.

The operation took about an hour. Colonel Shani said they wanted to refund at Entebbe by that time, so they took off and refueled at Nairobi.

Then they flew back home, arriving in Israel about 9:45 A.M. on July 4.

"Oh, the country was like a madhouse at this time," said Colonel Shani. "You could see the snowball of joy getting bigger and bigger."

It was the high point of his military career. "Military missions, it's always a destructive job," he said. "To do a military operation to save people, that gives you a real good feeling. So what was the secret of success? Colonel Shani took a drag on a cigarette. Simplicity, he said, and luck. And, he added, "I took a lot of chutzpah. You know the meaning of the Jewish word chutzpah?"

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April 1985: "The Adoration of the Magi" by Andrea Mantegna, sold at Christie's London for 8,100,000 pounds. Photo courtesy Christie's.

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## For Thai Surgical Team, An 'Ear Safari' in Kenya

### Doctors Use Assembly-Line Method To Save 400,000 Poor From Deafness

By Blaine Harden  
*Washington Post Service*

**KAKAMEGA, Kenya**—First up on operating table No. 1 was Panyaka Maracha, a 43-year-old Kenyan carpenter with an inflamed perforation in his right eardrum. He had prepared for surgery at Kakamega Hospital by cleaning his bed with a chicken feather.

Beside him, on operating table No. 2, was Charles Nyaguma, a 32-year-old welder whose right ear had been infected since he was 9 years old. He had been trying for 12 years to get a doctor to operate.

Only four doctors in Kenya perform ear surgery on poor people, and they serve an estimated 400,000 Kenyans with ear infections or perforated eardrums.

"If you want to work on you, I can see you next February," said Dr. Daniel D'Arcy, an ear surgeon who operates in a government hospital in the capital, Nairobi.

This helps explain why the two Kenyans with infected ears in this rural hospital 240 miles (396 kilometers) west of Nairobi were attended by ear surgeons from Thailand.

As part of a program funded by the United Nations to halt preventable disabilities, Thai surgeons have dissected Kenya over the past two weeks on an "ear safari."

Their itinerary included nine rural hospitals where they operated daily on an average of about 20 Kenyans, most of whom had needed surgery for several years.

Further explanation of why four



Dr. Salyaveth Lekagul, a Thai surgeon, examining a Kenyan boy at Kakamega Hospital.

of Thailand's most eminent ear, nose and throat specialists would travel to the African hinterland with one and a half tons of micro-surgical equipment like the single-minded, compulsively organized, maverick personality of one of the surgeons.

"You see that white stuff in this patient's ear, that is my enemy," said Dr. Salyaveth Lekagul, inviting a reporter to look through his operating microscope into Mr. Nyaguma's middle ear.

The chamber oozed with the infectious fluid generated by cholesteatoma, a severe ear infection that is all but extinct in the United States and Europe. In the Third World, cholesteatoma is a major cause of deafness and brain abscess, which often results in death.

Dr. Lekagul, 47, received his ear, nose and throat training at the Washington Hospital Center in Washington. He returned to Bangkok from the United States in 1972 to find that not a single ear specialist was working in rural Thailand, where about 80 percent of the country's 52 million people live.

He figured out how to pack six surgeons, two bulky operating microscopes, 10 sets of surgical instruments, four examination cases complete with portable suction, 60 sets of surgical linen and enough ear medicine for 3,000 patients into one Toyota pickup.

With his Thai colleagues, Dr. Lekagul has devised assembly-line examination techniques that allow doctors to diagnose and prescribe treatment for patients in less than 10 seconds. In one day, he and five other ear specialists have examined 2,700 people.

"We do everything by number," Dr. Lekagul said. "All the diseases, all the treatments have numbers. We don't have to talk to patients. We move fast."

The surgeon explained much of this with his eyes fixed on his microscope and his hands busy with drills, scalpels, retractors, suction tubes and other equipment that were used to remove infected tissue from Mr. Nyaguma's middle ear.

Mr. Nyaguma was fully conscious during the procedure. After walking into the sterile operating room in his hospital gown, he was given a shot of xylazine, a painkiller used by dentists. He then was told to lie still as Dr. Lekagul began

## In South Africa, a Slight Gain

### Court Release of a Detainee Heartens Some Legal Experts

By Alan Cowell  
*New York Times Service*

**JOHANNESBURG**—A South African court's decision to release a detained television broadcaster is being cited by some legal experts here as showing a growing readiness by some judges to challenge the government's actions under the state of emergency decree.

The groundsman, Theophrastus Mashiani, 26, is a black employee of Worldwide Television News. According to Supreme Court testimony, Mr. Mashiani was detained at 3 A.M. on June 15 when the police raided a college dormitory in Soweto, where he was staying with a friend, Klaus Kadzbe.

Under the emergency decree proclaimed June 12, the actions of the police or the army may not be reported except when the Bureau of Information, the government's propaganda arm, authorizes such reports.

Court testimony is exempted from the prohibition.

Miss Kadzbe, a student of social sciences at the University of the Witwatersrand, told the court about the police raid at the Glynn Thomas Hostel and the search of her room.

She said the policemen found 38 cassette tapes; a calendar issued by a group campaigning for the release of Nelson Mandela, the imprisoned black nationalist leader; a poster depicting Mr. Mandela's wife, Winnie, and a notepad with the emblem of the American ABC television network.

Until they saw the ABC emblem on the notepad, Miss Kadzbe said she paid little attention to Mr. Mashiani.

But when they learned that he worked for a foreign television company, she said, they detained him and that was the last she saw of him until he was freed two days ago by a judge who ruled that the state of emergency was bad faith.

Mr. Mashiani was one of 4,500 people detained under the emergency decree.

The release of the ABC emblem did not dent the powers of the government in ordering such detentions under an emergency decree that offers the police and the army virtually unlimited powers of arrest and search without warrant.

But the release did hearten some lawyers and legal experts.

Justice Richard Goldstone said when he ordered Mr. Mashiani freed: "The courts are here to administer justice to those who seek it

## Union Calls for Pretoria Protest

By Alan Cowell  
*New York Times Service*

**JOHANNESBURG**—The Congress of South African Trade Unions, the country's largest black-led labor federation, said Thursday that it planned a "national day of action" Monday to protest the state of emergency imposed by the white authorities last month.

Meanwhile, a bomb exploded outside the stock exchange in central Johannesburg. The government's Bureau of Information said the blast caused little damage and there were no reports of casualties.

The 400,000-member Congress of South African Trade Unions gave no details of what Monday's action would involve. But union sources said it would be a mix of sit-in and strikes.

The union said it was seeking the release of detainees and political prisoners, the lifting of bans on outlawed organizations and the abolition of apartheid.

—not to keep the peace of the land."

The justice said that if police officers, under the emergency decree, "abuse their powers, there are ordinary courts of the land which they can be summoned before to explain their actions."

Mr. Mashiani went free in part thanks to Miss Kadzbe, who argued in court that she could not reasonably believe that her arrest was necessary for the maintenance of public order, the safety of the police or the termination of the state of emergency.

The emergency regulations grant indemnity to officers acting in good faith to enforce the decree. But, lawyers said, that indemnity does not hold if they act in what is deemed to be bad faith. Thus, some lawyers argued, in the future police officers might be more hesitant about when they detain.

The ruling seemed to have wide consequences, since it followed actions in court earlier this year that inhibited the authorities' use of part of the nation's pervasive security legislation and forced the authorities to release or lift restrictions on political prisoners.

John Dugard, an activist lawyer, said that the court's decision was a slight gain for those against South Africa.

said: "What one is seeing is not confrontation between the state and the government, but a growing awareness of the state's role in the economy."

That was not what the union wanted, said the union's spokesman, Mr. Dugard. He said the union wanted the government to be held accountable for its actions. But in the 1980s, he added, "it was vital to maintain a hard down a path against the security police."

When prompted the change in the union's stance, Mr. Dugard said, "it was a result of the courts from within legal profession and the recognition of figures such as Mr. Dugard, the judge president of the province with the most on the judiciary."

It was in Pretoria, where the capital of Natal, that state of treason against labor union and political activists were recommended.

■ Labor Leader Detained  
The U.S. State Department said Thursday that it was aware of the arrest of a South African labor leader, who was arrested minutes after stopped off at South Africa's new flight from London.

■ EC Sanctions Urged  
The European Parliament stated Thursday that the 12 EC member nations might full economic sanctions against South Africa to pressure the country into abandoning its apartheid policies, Reuters reported from Strasbourg, France.

The largely advisory Parliament reflecting virtually the whole spectrum of public opinion within EC, adopted on a 228-114 vote 20 amendments, a report calling for an immediate ban on new investments in South Africa and on a port of coal, iron, steel and gold.

Meanwhile, The New York Times reported that the president of 35 colleges, in a letter sent to 100 members of the U.S. Senate and to leaders of the House of Representatives, urged Congress Thursday to approve strong actions against South Africa.

## THATCHER: Case Against Sanctions Is Reiterated

(Continued from Page 1)

wealth countries that are pressing her to act against South Africa.

Instead, the repeatedly stressed change made by President Pler W. Bush, such as the removal of the press laws and the prohibition of mixed marriages Act.

She told two Canadian correspondents in a joint interview, "If someone is going in the right direction, I think it is best to encourage them to go further in that direction."

Mrs. Thatcher called for the release of Nelson Mandela, the imprisoned black leader, and the legalization of the banned African

National Congress. But she does not appear to view Mr. Mandela as the key to a solution.

She said she represents some black South Africans, but not the imprisoned black leader that seemed to entail in the use of "the neckties" to deal with opponents of the nationalist movement.

"I noticed that she said that the black South Africans had a new weapon known as 'the neckties,'" Mrs. Thatcher said. "From that point of time, I ceased to have any sympathy for that case."

In one of the interviews, Mrs. Thatcher asked about Britain's economic state in South Africa. Britain earned an estimated \$5.9 billion on trade, investments and services there last year.

Mandela, she commented scathingly on a remark by the wife of the imprisoned black leader that seemed to entail in the use of "the neckties" to deal with opponents of the nationalist movement.

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## TRAVELER'S CHOICE

Jours du vin



If you have a good head, strong legs and a taste for wine, a cycle tour of the French vineyards should make for an excellent vacation. To help you on the way, take "Grape Expeditions in France—Bicycle Tours of the Wine Country" by Sally Taylor. She divides the area into 12 "rides" and gives easy-to-follow advice on trains and, as well as on the bicycle you might buy or rent, adding how to pack it. "French people adore their wine," the author points out, but some sound advice for those planning to visit wine areas: call ahead, try to speak in French and be prepared to ignore the occasional huff when the wine-seller re-hows a bike can restrict your purchasing power. Sally Taylor & Friends, 750 Kansas Street, San Francisco, California, 94107.

### British biking

Travelers in England will find only a few vineyards, but those who are drawn to the byways of the Cotswolds Vicky Elliott's article on this page, the quiet lanes through the high Pennine trails, there is a new color here. Published by the Heart of England Tourist Board, it is signed for the novice, the enthusiast and the family. "Cycling" is described in 12 individual circular routes, ranging from day tours of 25 miles along open roads through gently rolling countryside, to a complete Heart of England circuit of 320 miles. All routes have been selected to pass through interesting landscapes and visitor attractions and each route features pubs (most now serve double wine as well as warm beer), tea rooms and picnic spots. All routes are designed to start and end at railway stations, and the brochure tells where to rent bikes and where to get more information. This free brochure may be obtained from the Heart of England Tourist Board, Trinity Street, Worcester WR1 2PW, England. (0905) 613-132.

### to the tiles

Portugal is justly famous for its beautiful ceramics, in particular the colorful tiles known as *azulejos*, which decorate walls and floors everywhere. Now the Portuguese tourism organization, in collaboration with the state bank, is offering a brochure that takes the traveler to follow a trail of these treasures and by the history of the country from the 15th century to the present. The *Rotas do Azulejo* ("the world is paved from the name of the semi-precious stone lapis lazuli") suggests that a student of the art start with the palace at Sintra, near Lisbon; if a student of the art and small details to the myriad other sites—churches, palaces and houses—where azulejos may be found. The brochure, which incorporates a map, can be obtained from Portuguese art offices and agencies of the bank. For a moment it is published in French, but if it is successful, publications in other languages may follow in 1987.

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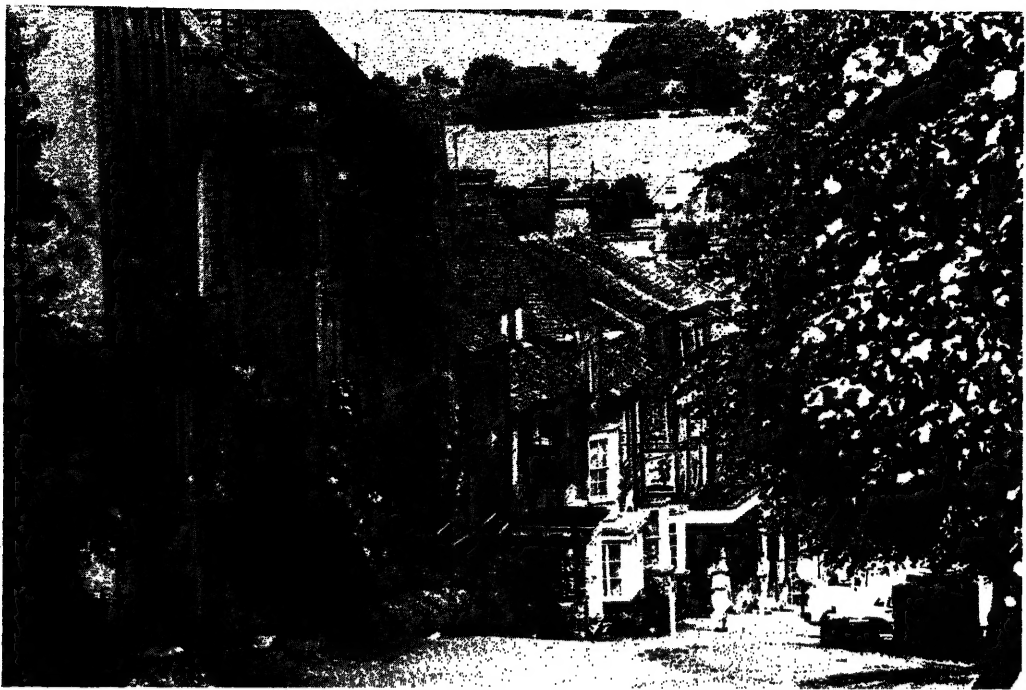
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## Burford, a Village of Golden Stone

by Vicky Elliott

**B**URFORD, England—There is only one street in Burford, approximately speaking, and it descends steeply, gravelled into the hillside that slopes down to the River Windrush. A gentler of 1819, "The British Traveler," was not impressed: "The houses are ancient, and with few exceptions, irregular and ill-built," it sniffed. The 20th-century traveler, with a less rigorous conception of architectural order, may see things differently. The railway never came here, deterred by the first reaches of the Cotswold hills, so Burford's plunging perspective remains almost as it was in

1819, give or take an odd Barclays Bank or Haffkins, haven of Home-made Cakes. To the modern eye, the snug curve of the storefronts, cockeyed windows notwithstanding, has a pleasing harmony. The Cotswold stone, peculiar to this small stretch of Oxfordshire and Gloucestershire, is golden on summer evenings and greenish-gray under mid-winter skies. All around are hills and water meadows, and the flocks of sheep that made the town rich in the 13th century, a center of the English wool trade.

Burford makes an obvious jumping-off point for any exploration into the Cotswolds, to the celebrated village greens of Ribury and Broadway, the leafy calm of the villages of Upper and Lower Slaughter, not to mention Upper and Lower Swell, and the high-kitch vicarages and model village of Bourton-on-the-Water.

The 1819 gazetteer notes not only that the town was "formerly much occupied in the manufacture of coarse woollen cloths"—the last of the famous Winney Blankets are being made down the main road—but that "great quantities of malt were made here and conveyed to London."

Porik Pies." The Lamb, more venerable, has a delicious garden of six-foot lupins and is "Licensed in pursuance of an act of Parliament for public music and dancing or other public entertainment of the like kind"—an implausibly imaginative description, since the public music most likely to be heard in slumberous Burford is from its resident family of classical cellists. The Bay Tree, which specializes in Cordons Bleu cooking and various species of two- and four-poster beds, stokes five log fires in winter.



The Church, (left) built on Saxon foundations, and the still waters of the River Windrush.

### RESTAURANTS

## The Subtle, Spicy Delights of the Indonesian National Dish

by Barbara Crossette

**J**AKARTA—Nasi goreng: Two words will help the visitor stare off hunger anywhere in the vast and varied nation of Indonesia. From Islamic Banda Aceh, at the northern tip of Sumatra, through the ancient civilizations of Java and Bali to the edge of the wilderness of Irian Jaya on New Guinea, there is a fried egg (called *telur*) and a bowl of rice. Nasi goreng is the best of them. In Bahasa Indonesia, the national language, which helps hold all this diversity together, *nasi goreng* means fried rice. But that's just a translation of convenience. A good nasi goreng is no ordinary plate of staple food. It is a complex concoction of flavors and spices, garnishes and accompaniments.

The locale and budget set the limits and dictate the variations, but most good nasi goreng will have a fried egg, a tiny bowl of pickled vegetables called *acar*, and a crisp, weightless prawn cracker (*krupuk*) on top. Indonesia's national dish can be enjoyed in its simplest manifestation from a tin plate at a roadside warung, or food stall, eaten on porcelain in fancy restaurants, or constructed at the ubiquitous buffet tables of Jakarta dinner parties. The national airline, Garuda, will be sure you don't miss it in the sky; you could be served it for breakfast, lunch, dinner or all three. Looking for a midnight snack? You pressed it

chili for zest. Being Javanese, he then adds three beaten eggs and soy sauce. When all these ingredients are hot, he adds the cold rice and salt and pepper to taste, then stirs until all is hot and "nicely mixed."

Nasi goreng can be served on a large platter or on individual dishes, spooned or turned out of a mold. On top of each serving, Guritno puts a fried egg, some lightly sautéed shallots and a weightless prawn cracker. Alongside the rice he places several sticks of *tempe* (fermented or grilled) beef marinated in a mixture of garlic, shallots, oil, sugar, salt and pepper, a piece of chicken fried with a secret spicy sauce, and a fried shrimp or two.

As accompaniments, the diner gets Guritno's own *acar*—cucumbers, carrots and shallots marinated in vinegar and sugar—plus a helping of *sambal* (ground chili peppers).

Most Indonesian food is spicy, but visitors can help avert disaster by learning to ask for the right degree of seasoning. Eating too-hot food is probably the commonest cause of intestinal upsets in many parts of Southeast Asia.

You can order nasi goreng *sedikit pedas* (a little spicy), *pedas* (spicy; the word means "hot" in the sense of seasoning) or *lebih pedas* (a little hotter than hot). For the really reckless there is *paling pedas*, in which the peppers are of roller-coaster strength.



A possible beverage accompaniment is the larger Indonesian learned to make from the Dutch. The best-known local beers are Bintang and Anker.

## Canadian Line's 'Big Seat' Takes On the Class System

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.





NYSE Most Active				
Vol.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
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Market Sales				
NYSE	AMEX	OTC	Foreign	Other
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

NYSE Index				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

Thursday's NYSE Closing				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

AMEX Diary				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

NASDAQ Index				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

AMEX Most Active				
Vol.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

Dow Jones Bond Averages				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

NYSE Diary				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

Dow Jones Averages				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
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Standard & Poor's Index				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+	5,000+
2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
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2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
1+	1+	1+	1+	1+

NASDAQ Diary				
High	Low	Open	Close	Chg.
100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+	100,000+
50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+	50,000+
25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+	25,000+
10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+	10,000+
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2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+	2,500+
1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+	1,000+
500+	500+	500+	500+	500+
250+	250+	250+	250+	250+
100+	100+	100+	100+	100+
50+	50+	50+	50+	50+
25+	25+	25+	25+	25+
10+	10+	10+	10+	10+
5+	5+	5+	5+	5+
2+	2+	2+	2+	2+
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## NYSE Higher in Active Trading

**Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches**

**NEW YORK**—Prices closed higher on the New York Stock Exchange Thursday, boosted by last-minute buying. Trading was active.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which rose 5.34 points Wednesday, gained another 5.76 points to 1,831.83 Thursday. At midday, the Dow had been down more than 21 points.

Advances pulled ahead of declines, outpacing them by less than an 8-7 ratio among the 1,968 issues crossing the NYSE tape.

NYSE volume amounted to about 146.2 million shares compared with 142.9 million shares on Wednesday.

Prices were lower in moderate trading of American Stock Exchange issues.

Senders Associates surged 5 1/2 to 6 1/2, after Lockheed offered \$60 a share late Wednesday. The stock opened above \$60 as speculation grew that Loral, a first bidder for Lockheed, would sweeten its \$50 offer.

The list of actives was made up almost entirely of shares of companies that have been either actively involved in takeovers, rumored to be targets or bidding for others.

Among them, Merrill Lynch, a





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100	P.14	Other markets	—





## BUSINESS ROUNDUP

horn Says Net Fell 3%,  
Much Less Than Feared

**ONDON** — Thorn EMI PLC Thursday said its pretax profit in 1985 fell 3% to £17 million (about \$162 million at current rates), much less than the company and analysts had feared.

The company said its pretax profit for the year ended March 31 was £17 million, or 33.3 pence, down from £22.3 million, or 43.3 pence, in 1984. The company said its pretax profit for the year ended March 31 was £17 million, or 33.3 pence, down from £22.3 million, or 43.3 pence, in 1984.

The company said its pretax profit for the year ended March 31 was £17 million, or 33.3 pence, down from £22.3 million, or 43.3 pence, in 1984.

Klöckner Domestic Net Profit  
'85 Unchanged From '84

**ISBUDURG, West Germany** — Klöckner AG, the West German steel group, said Thursday that its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

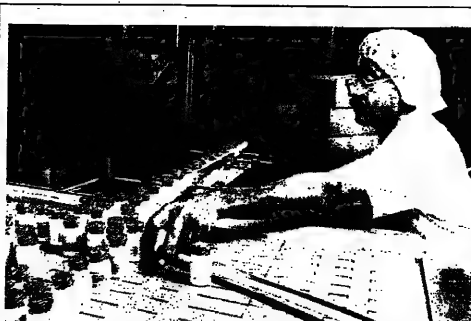
few, Target of Dart Bid,  
id to Be Below Potential

**NEW YORK** — Safeway Stores Inc. Thursday said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## Company Results

Revenue and profits in millions, or in local currencies unless otherwise indicated.	1985	1984
<b>General Electric</b>		
Revenue	10,072.2	9,851.2
Operating Profit	1,072.2	1,051.2
Net Profit	1,072.2	1,051.2
<b>General Mills</b>		
Revenue	2,273.3	2,273.3
Operating Profit	273.3	273.3
Net Profit	273.3	273.3
<b>General Motors</b>		
Revenue	1,072.2	1,072.2
Operating Profit	107.2	107.2
Net Profit	107.2	107.2
<b>General Motors</b>		
Revenue	1,072.2	1,072.2
Operating Profit	107.2	107.2
Net Profit	107.2	107.2
<b>General Motors</b>		
Revenue	1,072.2	1,072.2
Operating Profit	107.2	107.2
Net Profit	107.2	107.2



Worker at a Johnson &amp; Johnson plant in Puerto Rico checks labels on Tylenol capsules.

Johnson & Johnson's Recovery  
Despite Tampering Scare, Tylenol Sales Rebound

**NEW YORK** — In February, a capsule-laced Tylenol capsule killed a woman in Yonkers, N.Y., leading Johnson & Johnson to remove all capsules from the product from the market.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

Tylenol offers a  
case study in crisis  
management.

after two deaths in a suburb of Seattle were linked to cyanide placed in Extra-Strength Ecstasy capsules.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## Montedison Asks Big Capital Increase

**MILAN** — Montedison SpA, the Italian chemicals group, said Thursday that its board will ask shareholders to approve a 946.8-billion-lire (\$633-million) increase in share capital.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

Businessman  
Buys 10% of  
Standard

**LONDON** — Sir Yue-Kong Pao, a Hong Kong businessman, said Thursday he had acquired a 10% stake in Standard Chartered PLC, prompting fears that he and others could block a bid by J.P. Morgan & Co. to take over the international banking company.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## INCAMERICA N.V.

Notice of an Extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders to be held on July 28, 1986.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

Ralston to Sell  
U.S. Feed Nutrition  
To BP Nutrition

**ST. LOUIS** — Ralston Purina Co. said Thursday that it has agreed to sell its feed business to BP Nutrition Ltd., the biggest commercial animal feed company in the United States.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## CAISSE CENTRALE DE COOPERATION ECONOMIQUE

**LOAN OF U.S. \$50,000,000**

**LOANING RATES 1978/1998**

**UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED**

**BY THE FRENCH STATE**

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## Texas Air Purchase of Eastern Near Approval

**WASHINGTON** — The U.S. Transportation Department tentatively approved Texas Air Corp.'s \$400-million takeover of Eastern Air Lines Inc., but insisted on guarantees that Pan American World Airways can provide effective competition to Eastern's Washington-New York-Eastern route.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## Squibb Divests Medical Units

**PRINCETON, N.J.** — Squibb Corp. announced Wednesday that it intends to spin off its medical systems business to its stockholders. The business is made up of Advanced Technology Laboratories, a manufacturer of ultrasound imaging equipment; Squibb Medical Systems, a manufacturer and distributor of ultrasound equipment.

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.

## OWENS BANK LIMITED

**OWENS BANK LIMITED**

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

The company said its domestic net profit in 1985 was unchanged from 1984 at 411 million DM (about \$183 million at current rates), unchanged from 1984.





## Landor Opens Asian Headquarters in Hong Kong

ager at its European headquarters in Zurich. He was in the head office of Wilco, Connecticut. Emery has recently completed a review of its product range and has launched a new range on a worldwide basis. The moves are associated with Emery expanding its courier express market in Europe.

Morgan Grenfell Asset Management Ltd. has elected Ian Hay Davison a nonexecutive director. From 1983 until earlier this year, he was a deputy chairman and chief executive of the group.

Barry U.K. Lal, the British arm of the Washington-based British group, has nominated Dieter Louschardt, chief executive of its agrochemical division. He was previously managing director of the crop protection division of Bayer in Istanbul. He succeeds Kurt Bachmann

## UNGARY: Bond Sales Pique Widespread Interest

Another innovation, seen by some as a step toward equity investments by the public at large, is an issue that Mr. Jarazi describes as a hybrid, with elements of both a convertible preferred stock and a bond; the issue is sold to cover a fixed period, but like stocks, it provides a license to grow and expand to the size of company profile.

Mr. Jarazi, 40, said criticism of the securities operation had come from two quarters.

"There is the technical opposition of people who feel that the average 11-percent interest on bonds is too high and that it may carry up the interest rate in savings deposits," he said.

But he said he expects that shifts in reserves complicate the jobs of central planners. The Federal Reserve Board's conservative attitudes. Occasionally someone will come in and say the bonds are not for rich people, that they provide a license to produce and that they violate egalitarian principles.

Mr. Jarazi says he understands the reasons for the criticism, but he feels that the public needs to know more people come to understand how the market works. "I am very

## EDI:

## New Standards

(Continued from first finance page)

completing a doctoral thesis on EDI at Ohio State University.

"That has led sort of a partnership with the IRS, rather than an adversary relationship."

At present, the main electronic document is the purchase order and invoice. But gradually the concept is extending to other documents such as shipping notices and requests for payment. In the future, payments may also be made electronically.

Still, the IRS is not going to disappear overnight. Smaller companies will resist computerizing. Some companies already are using a lot of electronic networks. Still others will prefer to keep paper records for their vendors.

Intelligence View  
California, market research firm, estimates that expenditures in the United States on computer software for electronic data interchange for EDI will double every year, from \$38 million in 1985 to \$1.14 billion in 1995. The analyst estimates that the number of electronic documents sent will be a small percentage of the tens of billions of

**CREDIT:**  
*Banking Shifts*

*Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches*

**NEW YORK** — The dollar ended mixed Thursday in Europe and New York. Trading was slow and directionless, dealers said, amid confusion about when, and if, the U.S. discount rate would be cut.

The Federal Reserve Board's discount-rate cut came too late in the session to effect trading. The U.S. central bank lowered its rate on loans to financial institutions to 6 percent from 6 1/2 percent.

"The dollar barely traded in a 'pennig range' against the West German Deutsche mark, a banker-dealer said in New York." There was no news to influence the mar-

## CURRENCY MARKETS

## Dollar Ends Mixed in Thin Trading

2.1858 DM on Wednesday, and 160.35 yen from 161.05 yen. In Tokyo, however, it gained slightly close at 160.35 yen from 159.90 yen.

Traders said most of the attention was focused on sterling, which fell sharply on lower oil prices. Dealers said a further drop in

In London, the pound fell to \$1.5155 from \$1.5240 on Wednesday, and to 3.2953 DM from 3.3150 DM.

One dealer said that amid confusion about what could happen to U.S. and other interest rates, investors switched their attention to the falling North Sea oil continued to trade Thursday below \$10 a barrel.

In other European trading, the dollar was fixed in Frankfurt at 2.1749 DM, down from 2.1795 DM Wednesday. In Paris, it was fixed at 6.9960 French franc, down from 6.9950, while in Zurich it fell to 1.7743 Swiss francs from 1.7780.

(AP, IFT, Reuters, Dow)

## THE EUROMARKETS

## Prices Firm as Cut in U.S. Rates Is Awaited

de Petites et Moyennes Entreprises issued a \$100-million, five-year bond paying 7% percent and priced at 101%. The lead manager was Morgan Guaranty Ltd. It ended at a discount of 1 15/16 compared with the 1% percent fees.

In the sterling-straight sector, the Halifax Building Society issued

The expected \$50-million bond for Kyushu Electric Power Co. emerged during the day paying 100% over seven years and price at 101%. The lead manager was S.G. Warburg & Co. It was bid at the full fees of 1% percent.

Also during the day, GBL Finance issued a 600-million-French franc bond with equity warrants attached. It was guaranteed by Group Bruxelles Lambert and ended within the selling concession.

[illegible]







